

ABCB NCC 2022 VOLUME TWO BASIX Thermal Comfort Energy Efficiency Assessment

Accredited Star Rating

7

REFERENCE 92_Parry

SITE ADDRESS Lot 92 (#58) Parry Avenue NARWEE Canterbury Bankstown Council 2209

> DWELLING TYPE Single Storey

COMMISSIONED BY Smart Choice Granny Flats

ASSESSMENT DATE 19/10/2023

Energy Advance Australia Pty. Ltd. NatHERS Accreditation Number: DMN/14/1662 Units 4, 6, 9 #30 Dellamarta Road WANGARA 6065 PO Box 1436 WANGARA DC 6947 ACN: 60 9332014 | 1300 850 228 energy@energyadvance.com.au 1300 850 228



Energy Advance Australia Pty. Ltd. has taken care to ensure the report's accuracy at the time of publication. However, circumstances may change, and no warranty, assurance, or representation is made regarding its continued accuracy. The company and its affiliates accept no liability for any loss or damage arising from the use of this report, whether due to error, omission, or misrepresentation. The report must not be distributed, copied, or modified for disclosure to parties not involved in the project's specific approval process. NCC1701L



THE SUMMARY

Address Dwelling Type State Site Exposure Ground Floor Type	Lot 92 (#58) Parry Avenue Single Storey New South Wales Suburban Concrete Slab-on-Ground	e NARWEE Canterbury Banks	stown Council 2209
NatHERS Climate Zone FirstRate 5 Engine:	56 Chenath Engine 3.22		
Certificate Number	W087EAWRV2		
Accredited Star Rating	7		
Conditioned Floor Area (m ²)	45.60		
Unconditioned Floor (m ²)	5.80		
Total (m ²)	51.40		
	Area (m2)	Allowance (W/m2)	Total Maximum Watts
Class 1 Total Area	52.63	5.0	263.2
Class 10a Total Area	0.00	3.0	0.0
Total Outdoor Areas	0.00	4.0	0.0
Maximum Ceiling	Maximum Allowance	Maximum Penetration (m2)
Insulation Penetration	0.50%	0.26	
	covers, which can be fully covered by ir lesigner or architect, then there is no n		
	ASSESSMENT CALCULATIO	INS & SOFTWARE RESULTS	
	Target (MJ/m².pa)	Proposed (MJ/m².pa)	Efficiency Benchmark
Heating:	25.0	14.2	Pass: 55.1%
Cooling:	18.0	15.4	Pass: 15.6%
Total:	43.0	29.6	
			Certificate No. # W087EAWRV2





THE ANALYSIS

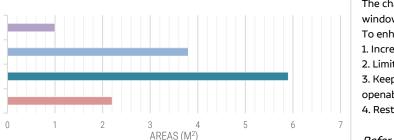
Dwelling Thermal Performance Per Zone Area

The indicated heating and cooling loads represent the estimated annual energy consumption (in MJ) for this home. A higher load signifies a greater amount of energy required to maintain thermal comfort, highlighting potential areas for efficiency improvement.

Typically, the Room Area line serves as a gauge for anticipated energy usage in a specific area. Deviations from this line can signal better or worse performance than expected, providing insights into the energy efficiency of that space.







The chart to the left illustrates the positions of all glazed doors and windows on the home's exterior.

To enhance thermal performance:

1. Increase unsheltered glazing facing north.

2. Limit west-facing glazing to under 5% of the floor area.

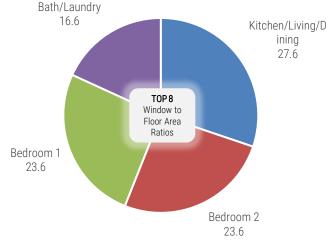
3. Keep south-facing glazing under 5% of the floor area, maximizing openable space if possible.

4. Restrict east-facing glazing to less than 8% of the floor area.

Refer to floor /elevation plans for specific shading locations.



Window/Glazed Door to Floor Area Ratios





Ν

S

W

Е

energy@energyadvance.com.au ACN: 60 9332014 | 1300 850 228

Energy Advance Australia Pty Ltd | Units 4, 6 and 9/30 Dellamarta Road WANGARA 6065

THE SPECIFICATIONS

Walls			
CONSTRUCTION TYPE AND INSULATION	FRAME TYPE	LOCATION	THERMAL BREAK?
WDF Brick Veneer R2.0 Insulation No Wrap	Timber	External	N/A
WDF INT Plasterboard Stud Wall Uninsulated No Wrap	Timber	Internal	N/A
WDF INT Plasterboard Stud Wall R2.0 Insulation No Wrap	Timber	Bath/Laundry	N/A

ADDITIONAL NOTESRefer to Plans/Drawings for the location of external walls.See Above for the specific location of internal wall insulation					
		Roof and Ceiling			
CONSTRUCTION	TYPE	CEILING INSULATION (R)	SARKING	THERMAL BREAK?	BLANKET (R)
Metal Roof OR Tiled Ro	of w/Sarking	4.0	Yes	No	None

ADDITIONAL NOTES	Solar Absorptance: Dark roof colour						
	Floor						
CONSTRUCTION TYPE	VENTILATION	FLOOR INSUL (R)	SLAB EDGE (R)	FLOOR AREAS (m ²)			
CSOG (Raft) Concrete Slab-on-Ground 1	Omm Enclosed	None	None	51.4			

ADDITIONA	L NOTES					
			Glazin	g		
WERS CODE*	CHARACTERISTIC	TYPE	U _w -VALUE	SHGCw	AREA (m ²⁾	ADDITIONAL NOTES
BRD-001-13 A	Single Low-E	Sliding	4.57	0.63	8.13	Locations as per drawings
BRD-033-03 A	Single Low-E	Door	4.42	0.62	3.80	Locations as per drawings
BRD-001-01 A	Single	Sliding	6.43	0.76	1.04	W1 Window

*Proxy WERS codes, though not from the original manufacturer, may be used to meet U-Value and SHGC value limitations and are complian U-value of the window or glazed door selected must be lower than the value shown. The SHGC of the window or glazed door selected must 5% of the value shown (if certified under BASIX then +/-10% is allowable)





energy@energyadvance.com.au Energy Advance Australia Pty Ltd | Units 4, 6 and 9/30 Dellamarta Road WAN ACN: 60 9332014 | 1300 850 228

THE REGULATIONS

13.7.1 Application of Part 13.7

(1) This Part applies to (a)a Class 1 building, (b)a Class 10a building, and (c)a Class 10b swimming pool associated with a Class 1 or 10a building. (2) Part 13.7 must be applied as directed in H6D2(2).

13.7.2 Insulation of services

Thermal insulation for central heating water piping and heating and cooling ductwork must— (a)be protected against the effects of weather and sunlight, and (b)be able to withstand the temperatures within the piping or ductwork; and (c) use thermal insulation material by AS/NZS 4859.1.

13.7.3 Central heating water piping

(1) Central heating water piping that is not within a conditioned space must be thermally insulated to achieve the minimum material R-Values as set out in (2) to (6). (2) Internal piping including— (a)flow and return piping that is— (i)within an unventilated wall space or

(ii)within an internal floor between storeys; or (iii)between ceiling insulation and a ceiling and

(b)heated water piping encased within a concrete floor slab (except that which is part of a floor heating system), must, in all climate zones, have a minimum material R-Value of 0.4.

(3) Piping located within a ventilated wall space, an enclosed building subfloor or a roof space, including-

(a)flow and return piping; and (b)cold water supply piping within 500 mm of the connection to the central water heating system; and (c)relief valve piping within 500 mm of the connection to the central water heating system, must have a minimum material R-Value by (5).

(4) Piping located outside the building or in an unenclosed building subfloor or roof space, including-

(a)flow and return piping; and (b)cold water supply piping within 500 mm of the connection to the central water heating system; and (c)relief valve piping within 500 mm of the connection to the central water heating system, must have a minimum material R-Value by (6).

(5) Piping referred to in (3) must have a minimum material R-Value of- (a)in climate zones 1, 2, 3 and 5 - 0.6; and

(b)in climate zones 4, 6 and 7 - 0.9; and (c)in climate zone 8 - 1.3.

(6)Piping referred to in (4) must have a minimum material R-value of-

(a)in climate zones 1, 2, 3 and 5 - 0.6; and (b)in climate zones 4, 6 and 7 - 1.3; and (c) in climate zone 8 - 1.3.

13.7.4 Heating and cooling ductwork

(1) Heating and cooling ductwork and fittings must-

(a)achieve the material R-Value in (4), and (b)be sealed against air loss— (i)by closing all openings in the surface, joints and seams of ductwork with adhesives, mastics, sealants or gaskets by AS 4254.1 and AS 4254.2 for a Class C seal; or (ii)for flexible ductwork, with a draw band in conjunction with a sealant or adhesive tape. (2) Duct insulation must— (a)abut adjoining duct insulation to form a continuous barrier and

(b)be installed so that it maintains its position and thickness, other than at flanges and supports; and where located outside the building, under a suspended floor, in an attached Class 10a building or in a roof space— (i)be protected by an outer sleeve of protective sheeting to prevent the insulation becoming damp, and (ii)have the outer protective sleeve sealed with adhesive tape not less than 48 mm wide creating an airtight and waterproof seal.

(3) The requirements of (1) do not apply to heating and cooling ductwork and fittings located within the insulated building envelope including a service riser within the conditioned space, internal floors between storeys and the like.

(4)The material R-Value required by (1)(a) must be determined by the following: (a)In a heating-only system or cooling-only system including an evaporative cooling system— (i)ductwork must have a minimum material R-Value of— (A)in climate zones 1 to 7 – 1.0; and (B)in climate zone 8 – 1.5; and (ii)fittings must have a minimum material R-Value of 0.4.

(b)In a combined heating and refrigerated cooling system— (i)ductwork must have a minimum material R-Value of— (A)in climate zones 1, 3, 4, 6 and 7 — 1.5; and (B)in climate zones 2 and 5 — 1.0; and (C)in climate zone 8 — 1.5; and (ii)fittings must have a minimum material R-Value of 0.4.

(c)For (b)(i), the minimum material R-value required for ductwork may be reduced by 0.5 for combined heating and refrigerated cooling systems in climate zones 1, 3, 4, 6 and 7 if the ducts are— (i)under a suspended floor with an enclosed perimeter; or in a roof space that has an insulation of greater than or equal to R0.5 directly beneath the roofing.





THE REGULATIONS

13.7.5 Electric resistance space heating

An electric resistance space heating system that serves more than one room must have— (a)separate isolating switches for each room and (b)a separate temperature controller and time switch for each group of rooms with common heating needs and (c) power loads of not more than 110 W/m2 for living areas, and 150 W/m2 for bathrooms.

13.7.6 Artificial lighting

(1)The lamp power density or illumination power density of artificial lighting, excluding heaters that emit light, must not exceed the allowance of— (a)5 W/m2 in a Class 1 building and (b)4 W/m2 on a Verandah, balcony or the like attached to a Class 1 building; and (c)3 W/m2 in a Class 10a building associated with a Class 1 building.

(2) The illumination power density allowance in (1) may be increased by dividing it by the relevant illumination power density adjustment factor for a control device in (6) as applicable.

(3) When designing the lamp power density or illumination power density, the power of the proposed installation must be used rather than nominal allowances for exposed batten holders or luminaires.

(4) If halogen lamps are installed, they must be separately switched from fluorescent lamps.

(5) Artificial lighting around the perimeter of a building must— (a)be controlled by a daylight sensor or (b)have an average light source efficacy of not less than 40 Lumens/W.

(6) The following illumination power density adjustment factors apply to control devices for artificial lighting:

(a)Lighting timer for corridor lighting: 0.7. Motion detector –(i)(A) at least 75% of the area of space is controlled by one or more motion detectors; or (b)an area of less than 200 m2 is switched as a block by one or more motion detectors; and (i)0.7, where up to 6 lights are switched as a block by one or more detectors; and (ii)0.55, where up to 2 lights are switched as a block by one or more detectors.

(c)Manual dimming system where not less than 75% of the space area is controlled by manually operated dimmers: 0.85.

(d)Programmable dimming system where not less than 75% of the space area is controlled by programmable dimmers: 0.85.

(e)Dynamic dimming system, with automatic compensation for lumen depreciation, the design lumen depreciation factor is not less than – (i)0.9 for fluorescent lights or (ii)0.8 for high-pressure discharge lights.

(f)Fixed dimming where at least 75% of the area is controlled by fixed dimmers that reduce the overall lighting level and the power consumption of the lighting – equal to the % of full power to which the dimmer is set divided by 0.95.

(g)Daylight sensor and dynamic lighting control device, with dimmed or stepped switching of lights adjacent to windows: (i)Lights within the space adjacent to windows other than roof lights for a distance from the window equal to the depth of the floor at window head height: 0.5. (ii)Lights within the space adjacent to roof lights: 0.6.

(7) For (6)(c), manual dimming is where lights are controlled by a knob, slider, or other mechanism or where there are pre-selected scenes that are manually selected.
(8) For (6)(d), programmed dimming is where pre-selected scenes or levels are automatically selected by the time of day, photoelectric cell, or occupancy sensor.
(9) For (6)(e), dynamic dimming is where the lighting level is varied automatically by a photoelectric cell to either proportionately compensate for the availability of daylight or the lumen depreciation of the lamps.

(10) For (6)(f), fixed dimming is where lights are controlled to a level, and that level cannot be adjusted by the user.

(11) For (6)(g)(i) and (ii), the illumination power density adjustment factor is only applied to lights controlled by that item – this adjustment factor does not apply to tungsten halogen or other incandescent sources.

13.7.7 Water heater in a heated water supply system

A water heater in a heated water supply system must be designed and installed by Part B2 of NCC Volume Three – Plumbing Code of Australia.

13.7.8 Swimming pool heating and pumping

(1) Heating for a swimming pool must be by- (a)a solar heater not boosted by electric resistance heating or

(b)a heater using reclaimed energy, (c)a gas heater, or (d)a heat pump, or (e)a combination of (a) to (d).

(2) Where some or all of the heating required by (1) is by a gas heater or a heat pump, the swimming pool must have— (a)a cover with a minimum R-Value of 0.05 unless located in a conditioned space and (b)a time switch to control the operation of the heater.

(3)A time switch must be provided to control the operation of a circulation pump for a swimming pool.

(4) For the purposes of 13.7.8, a swimming pool does not include a spa pool.

13.7.9 Spa pool heating and pumping

(1) Heating for a spa pool that shares a water recirculation system with a swimming pool must be by- (a)a solar heater or

(b)a heater using reclaimed energy or a gas heater, or (d) (e) a combination of (a) to (d).

(2) Where some or all of the heating required by (1) is by a gas heater or a heat pump, the spa pool must have— (a)a cov control the operation of the heater.

(3)A time switch must be provided to control the operation of a circulation pump for a spa pool having a capacity of 68C





Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme[®] NatHERS[®] Certificate No. W087EAWRV2

Generated on 19 Oct 2023 using FirstRate5: 5.5.3a (3.22)

Property

Address

Lot/DP NCC Class* Floor/all Floors Type Lot 92 (#58) Parry Avenue NARWEE, Canterbury Bankstown Council 2209, NSW, 2209 92 / 210493 Class 1a

Plans

Main plan92_ParryPrepared bySmart Choice Granny Flats

New Home

Construction and environmentAssessed floor area [m²]*Exposure tConditioned*45.6suburbanUnconditioned*5.8NatHERS cTotal51.456 Mascot AGarage--

Exposure type suburban NatHERS climate zone 56 Mascot AMO

Accredited assessor

Name	Claude-Francois Sookloll
Business name	Energy Advance
Email	energy@energyadvance.com.a
Phone	1300 850 228
Accreditation No.	DMN/14/1662
Assessor Accrediting Orga	nisation
Design Matters National	
Declaration of interest	Yes, managed

NCC Requirements

NCC provisions Volume 2 State/Territory variation Yes

National Construction Code (NCC) requirements

The NCC allows the use of NatHERS accredited software to comply with the energy efficiency requirements for houses (Class 1 buildings) and apartments (Class 2 sole-occupancy units and Class 4 parts of buildings). The applicable requirements for houses are detailed in Specification 42 of NCC Volume Two. For apartments the requirements are detailed in clauses J3D3 and J3D15 of NCC Volume One.

NCC 2022 includes enhanced thermal performance requirements for houses and apartments. It also includes a new whole-of-home annual energy use budget which applies to the major equipment in the home.

The NCC, and associated ABCB Standards and support material, can be accessed at www.abcb.gov.au.

Note, variations and additions to the NCC energy efficiency requirements may apply in some states and territories.

Thermal performance star rating

The more stars the more energy efficient

NATIONWIDE HOUSE ENERGY RATING SCHEME

(R)

29.6 MJ/m²

Predicted annual energy load for heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions.

> For more information on your dwelling's rating see: www.nathers.gov.au

Thermal performance [MJ/m²] Limits taken from ABCB Standard 2022

	Heating	Cooling
Modelled	14.2	15.4
Load limits	N/A	N/A

Features determining load limits

Floor type	N/A
(lowest conditioned area)	
NCC climate zone 1 or 2	N/A
Outdoor living area	N/A
Outdoor living area ceiling fan	N/A

Whole of Home performance rating

No Whole of Home performance rating generated for this certificate

Verification

To verify this certificate, scan the QR code or visit https://w ww.fr5.com.au/QRCodeLand ing?PublicId=W087EAWRV2 When using either link, ensure you are visiting www.fr5.com.au.



*Refer to glossary.

About the ratings

Thermal performance rating

NatHERS thermal software models the expected heating and cooling energy loads using information about the design, construction, climate and common patterns of household use. The thermal performance rating (shown as a star rating on this Certificate) does not take into account appliances, apart from the airflow impacts from ceiling fans.

Whole of Home performance rating

NatHERS Whole of Home software uses the heating and cooling energy loads combined with the energy performance of the home's appliances (heating, cooling, hot water, lighting, pool/spa pump and onsite renewable energy generation and storage) and models the expected energy value* of the whole home. The Whole of Home performance rating is shown as a score out of 100 on this Certificate.

Heating & Cooling Load Limits

Additional information

In some locations under the NCC NatHERS pathway, separate heating and cooling load limits may apply. Minimum required star ratings in northern parts of Australia may also be affected by the presence or absence of an outdoor living area and/or an outdoor living area ceiling fan. Refer to the ABCB NatHERS heating and cooling load limits Standard 2022 for details or contact the relevant local building regulating authority, noting that State and Territory variations may also apply.

Setting options:



CSOG - Concrete Slab on Ground SF – Suspended Floor (or a mixture of CSOG and SF) Cost: NA – Not Applicable NCC climate Zone 1 or 2: Yes No NA - not applicable Outdoor living area: Yes No NA - not applicable Outdoor living area ceiling fan: Yes No NA - not applicable Predicted onsite renewable energy impact No Whole of Home performance assessment conducted for this certificate.

*Refer to glossary.

Predicted Whole of Home annual impact by appliance

Shows the contribution each appliance has on the home's annual energy use, greenhouse gas emissions and cost without solar

Energy use:



Greenhouse gas emissions:



No Whole of Home performance assessment conducted for this certificate.



Certificate check	Approval	stage	Construc stage	tion	
The checklist covers important items impacting the dwelling's ratings. It is recommended that the accuracy of the whole certificate is checked.	Assessor checked	Consent authority/ surveyor checked	Builder checked	Consent authority/ surveyor checked	Occupancy/other
Note: The boxes indicate when and who should check each item. It is not mandatory to complete this checklist.	Assesse	Consent surveyor	Builder	Consen surveyo	Occupa
Genuine certificate check					
Does this Certificate match the one available at the web address or QR code verification link on the front page?					
Does the NatHERS certificate number on the NatHERS-stamped plans match the number on this Certificate?					
Thermal performance check					
Windows and glazed doors					
Does the window size, opening type and location shown on the NatHERS- stamped plans or as installed match what is shown in <i>Window and glazed door</i> <i>schedule</i> ' and <i>'Roof window schedule'</i> tables on this Certificate?					
Does the installed windows meet the substitution tolerances (AFRC* based SHGC* and U-values*) as shown in the <i>'Window and glazed door type and performance'</i> and <i>'Roof window type and performance'</i> tables on this Certificate?					
External walls					
Does the external wall bulk insulation (R-value) shown on the NatHERS-stamped plans or as installed match what is shown in the External wall type table on this Certificate?					
Does the external wall shade (colour) match what is shown in the <i>'External wall type'</i> table on this Certificate?					
Floor		^ 			
Does the floor insulation (R-value) shown on the NatHERS-stamped plans or as installed match what is shown in the <i>'Floor type'</i> table on this certificate?					
Ceiling penetrations*		1			
Does the 'quantity' and 'type' of ceiling penetrations* (e.g. downlights, exhaust fans, etc) shown on the NatHERS-stamped plans or as installed match what is shown in the 'Ceiling penetrations' table on this Certificate?					
Ceiling	1	1			
Does the ceiling insulation (R-value) shown on the NatHERS-stamped plans or as installed match what is shown in the 'Ceiling type' table on this Certificate?					
Roof	1				
Does the external roof shade (colour) on the NatHERS stamped plans or as installed match what is shown in the ' <i>Roof type</i> ' table on this Certificate?					
Apartment entrance doors (NCC Class 2 assessments only)					
Does the 'External Door Schedule' show apartment entrance doors? Please note that an "external door" between the modelled dwelling and a shared space, such as an enclosed corridor or foyer, should not be included in the assessment (because it overstates the possible ventilation) and would invalidate the Certificate.					
Exposure*					
Has the appropriate exposure type (terrain) (shown on page 1) been applied? For example, it is unlikely that a ground-floor apartment is "exposed" or a top floor high-rise apartment is "protected".					
Heating and cooling load limits*					
Do the load limits settings (shown on page 1) match the values in the ABCB Standard 2022: NAtHERS heating and cooling load limits for the appropriate climate zone?					



	Approval	stage	Construc stage	Construction stage	
Certificate check Continued	Assessor checked	Consent authority/ surveyor checked	Builder checked	Consent authority/ surveyor checked	Occupancy/other
Additional NCC requirements for thermal performance (not included	in the Na	tHERS a	ssessme	nt)	
Thermal bridging					
Does the dwelling meet the NCC requirement for thermal bridging?					
Insulation installation method		^			
Has the insulation been installed according to the NCC requirements?					
Building sealing					
Does the dwelling meet the NCC requirements for Building Sealing?					
Whole of Home performance check (not applicable if a Whole of Home perf	ormance a	ssessmen	t is not con	ducted)	
Appliances					
Does the cooling appliance/s type, location and efficiency/performance shown on the NatHERS-stamped plans or as installed match the location and minimum efficiency/performance requirements shown in the Appliance schedule on this Certificate?					
Does the heating appliance/s type, location and efficiency/performance shown on the NatHERS-stamped plans or installed, match the location and minimum efficiency/performance requirements shown in the ' <i>Appliance schedule</i> ' on this Certificate?					
Does the hot water system type and efficiency/performance shown on the NatHERS-stamped plans or as installed match the location and minimum efficiency/performance requirements shown in the ' <i>Appliance schedule</i> ' on this Certificate?					
Does the pool pump efficiency/performance shown on the NatHERS-stamped plans or as installed match the minimum efficiency/performance requirements shown in the ' <i>Appliance schedule</i> ' on this Certificate?					
Does the onsite renewable energy system type, orientation and system size or generation capacity shown on the NatHERS stamped plans or installed match the 'Onsite Renewable Energy schedule' on this Certificate?					
Additional NCC Requirements for Services (not included in the Nath	ERS asse	essment)	1		
Does the lighting meet the artificial lighting requirements specified in the NCC?					
Does the hot water system meet the additional requirements specified in the NCC?					
Provisional values* check					
Have provisional values* been used in the assessment and, if so, are they noted in <i>'Additional notes'</i> table below?					
Other NCC requirements					

Note: This Certificate only covers the energy efficiency requirements in the NCC. Additional requirements that must also be satisfied include, but are not limited to: condensation, structural and fire safety requirements and any state or territory variations to the NCC energy efficiency requirements.

Additional notes

BCA Climate Zone 5

Perimeter insulation has not been included in the modelling of this dwelling

Eaves indicated by the 'Horizontal shading feature* maximum projection (mm)' may not be directly opposing the respective wall (i.e. some eaves may be horizontally offset)

Where applicable, an additional 150mm has been added to the projection of all 'Horizontal shading features & eaves' to account for the Gutter & Fascia Board

Substitution tolerance ranges

Substitution tolerance ranges



Room schedule

Room	Zone Type	Area [m ²]
Bedroom 1	bedroom	9.1
Bedroom 2	bedroom	9.1
Kitchen/Living/Dining	kitchen	27.3
Bath/Laundry	unconditioned	5.8

Window and glazed door type and performance

Default* windows

Window ID	Window description	Maximum U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
No Data Availa	ble				

Custom* windows

				Substitution to	lerance ranges
Window ID	Window description	Maximum U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
BRD-001-13 A	ESS Sliding Window (52mm) SG 4EA	4.57	0.63	0.6	0.66
BRD-033-03 A	ESS Sliding Door (80mm) SG 4EA	4.42	0.62	0.59	0.65
BRD-001-01 A	ESS Sliding Window (52mm) SG 3Clr	6.43	0.76	0.72	0.8

Window and glazed door schedule

	0		Height	Width				Window shading
Location	Window ID	Window no.	[mm]	[mm]	Window type	Opening %	Orientation	device*
Bedroom 1	BRD-001-13 A	W2	1200	1810	sliding	45.0	E	No
Bedroom 2	BRD-001-13 A	W5	1200	1810	sliding	45.0	W	No
Kitchen/Living/- Dining	BRD-001-13 A	W3	1029	1570	sliding	45.0	S	No
Kitchen/Living/- Dining	BRD-001-13 A	W4	1200	1810	sliding	45.0	S	No
Kitchen/Living/- Dining	BRD-033-03 A	D5	2100	1810	sliding	45.0	W	No
Bath/Laundry	BRD-001-01 A	W1	857	1210	sliding	45.0	Ν	No

Roof window* type and performance value

Default* roof windows

				Substitution to	erance ranges
Window ID	Window description	Maximum U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
No Data Available					

*Refer to glossary.

Generated on 19 Oct 2023 using FirstRate5: 5.5.3a (3.22) for 92 / 210493, Lot 92 (#58) Parry Avenue NARWEE, Canterbury Bankstown Council 2209, NSW, 2209



Custom* roof windows

				Substitution to	erance ranges
Window ID	Window description	Maximum U-value*	SHGC*	SHGC lower limit	SHGC upper limit
No Data Available					

Roof window* schedule

			Opening	Area	Width		Outdoor	Indoor
Location	Window ID	Window no.	%	[m²]	[mm]	Orientation	shade	shade
No Data Ava	ilable							

Skylight* type and performance

Skylight ID	Skylight description	Skylight shaft reflectance
No Data Available		_

Skylight* schedule

Location	Skylight ID	Skylight No.	Skylight shaft length [mm]	Area [m²]	Orient- ation	Outdoor shade	Diffuser
No Data							
Available							

External door schedule

Location	Height [mm]	Width [mm]	Opening %	Orientation
Kitchen/Living/Dining	2100	820	100.0	S

External wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Solar absorptance		Bulk insulation [R-value]	Reflective wall wrap*
1	NCC 2022 STANDARD - TIMBER - WDF Brick Veneer R2.0 Insulation No Wrap	0.5	Medium	Glass fibre batt: R2.0 (R2.0)	No

External wall schedule

Bedroom 1 1 2440 2700 E 600 Yes Bedroom 1 1 2440 3385 N 600 Yes Bedroom 2 1 2440 2700 W 600 No Bedroom 2 1 2440 3383 N 600 Yes Kitchen/Living/Dining 1 2440 3003 E 600 Yes	ading es/no)
Bedroom 2 1 2440 2700 W 600 No Bedroom 2 1 2440 3383 N 600 Yes Kitchen/Living/Dining 1 2440 9091 S 600 Yes	
Bedroom 2 1 2440 3383 N 600 Yes Kitchen/Living/Dining 1 2440 9091 S 600 Yes	
Kitchen/Living/Dining124409091S600Yes	
Kitchen/Living/Dining124403003E600Yes	
Kitchen/Living/Dining 1 2440 3003 W 598 No	
Bath/Laundry 1 2440 2141 N 600 Yes	

*Refer to glossary. Generated on 19 Oct 2023 using FirstRate5: 5.5.3a (3.22) for 92 / 210493, Lot 92 (#58) Parry Avenue NARWEE, Canterbury Bankstown Council 2209, NSW, 2209



Internal wall type

Wall ID	Wall type	Area [m ²]	Bulk insulation
1	NCC 2022 STANDARD - TIMBER - WDF INT Plasterboard Stud Wall Uninsulated No Wrap	16.6	
2	NCC 2022 STANDARD - TIMBER - WDF INT Plasterboard Stud Wall R2.0 Insulation No Wrap	18.4	Glass fibre batt: R2.0 (R2.0)

Floor type

			Sub-floor	Added insulat	ion
Location	Construction	Area [m ²]	ventilation	[R-value]	Covering
Bedroom 1	FLOOR - CSOG (Raft) Concrete Slab-on-Ground 100mm	9.1	Enclosed	R0.0	Carpet
Bedroom 2	FLOOR - CSOG (Raft) Concrete Slab-on-Ground 100mm	9.1	Enclosed	R0.0	Carpet
Kitchen/Living/D- ining	FLOOR - CSOG (Raft) Concrete Slab-on-Ground 100mm	27.3	Enclosed	R0.0	Tiles
Bath/Laundry	FLOOR - CSOG (Raft) Concrete Slab-on-Ground 100mm	5.8	Enclosed	R0.0	Tiles

Ceiling type

Location	Construction material/type	Bulk insulation R-value [may include edge batt values]	Reflective wrap* Yes	
Bedroom 1	Plasterboard	R4.0		
Bedroom 2	Plasterboard	R4.0	Yes	
Kitchen/Living/D- ining	Plasterboard	R4.0	Yes	
Bath/Laundry	Plasterboard	R4.0	Yes	

Ceiling penetrations*

			Height	Width	
Location	Quantity	Туре	[mm]	[mm]	Sealed/unsealed
Kitchen/Living/Dining	1	Exhaust Fans	185	185	Sealed
Bath/Laundry	1	Exhaust Fans	250	250	Sealed

Ceiling fans

Location	Quantity	Diameter [mm]
No Data Available		

Roof type

Construction

Added insulation [R-value] Sol

Solar absorptance

Roof shade [colour]

*Refer to glossary.

W087EAWRV2 NatHER	RS Certificate		7 Sta	ar Rating as	of 19 Oct 2023
Cont:Attic-Continuous		0.0	0.8	35	Dark
Thermal bridging Building element No Data Available	g <i>schedule for steel</i> Steel section dimensions [height x width, mm]	<i>l frame elemer</i> Frame spacing [mi	Steel thickne		[hermal break R-value]
	Jule Ie of Home performance ass f 5W/m2 is used for lighting, th			-	dule.
Cooling system			Minimum efficier	ncv/ I	Recommended
Appliance/ system type	Location		performance	- 2	capacity
No Whole of Home perfo	ormance assessment conducte	ed for this certificate.			
Heating system					
Appliance/ system type	Location		Minimum efficier performance	-	Recommended capacity
	ormance assessment conducte		•		
Hot water system Appliance/ system type	Fuel type	Minimum efficiency/ performance	Substitution tol Zone 3 STC lower limit	l erance rang Zone 3 ST upper limi	C Assessed daily
	ormance assessment conducte	ed for this certificate.			
Pool/spa equipment					
Appliance/ system type		Fuel type	Minimum eff		Recommended capacity
	ormance assessment conducte				. ,
	e energy <i>schedule</i> le of Home performance ass		ducted for this ce	ertificate)	
System type		Orientation	System size	or generation	on capacity
No Whole of Home perfo	ormance assessment conducte	ed for this certificate.			
Battery schedule (not applicable if a Who	ອ le of Home performance as	sessment is not con	ducted for this ce	ertificate)	
System type			Size [battery	/ storage ca	pacity]
	ormance assessment conducte	ed for this certificate.			-

7 Star Rating as of 19 Oct 2023

MATION WIDE HOOUSE

Explanatory Notes

About this report

NatHERS ratings are a reliable guide for comparing different dwelling designs and to demonstrate that designs meet the energy efficiency requirements in the National Construction Code.

NatHERS ratings use computer modelling to evaluate a home's energy efficiency and performance. They use localised climate data and standard assumptions on how people use their home to predict the heating and cooling energy loads and energy value* of the whole home. The thermal performance star rating uses the home's building specifications, layout, orientation and fabric (i.e. walls, windows, floors, roofs and ceilings) to predict the heating and cooling energy loads. The Whole of Home performance rating uses information about the home's appliances and onsite energy generation and storage to estimate the homes energy value*.

The actual energy loads, cost and greenhouse gas emissions of a home may vary from that predicted. This is because the assumptions will not always match the actual occupant usage patterns. For example, the number of occupants and how people use their appliances will vary. Energy efficient homes use less energy, are warmer on cool days, cooler on hot days and cost less to run.

Accredited assessors

For quality assured NatHERS Certificates, always use an accredited or licenced assessor registered with an Assessor Accrediting Organisation (AAO). AAOs have strict quality assurance processes, and professional development requirements ensuring consistently high standards for assessments.

Non-accredited assessors (Raters) have no ongoing training requirements and are not quality assured.

Any queries about this report should be directed to the assessor. If the assessor is unable to address questions or concerns, contact the AAO specified on the front of this certificate.

Disclaimer

The NatHERS Certificate format is developed by the NatHERS Administrator. However, the content in the certificate is entered by the assessor. It is the assessor's responsibility to use NatHERS accredited software correctly and follow the NatHERS Technical Note to produce a NatHERS Certificate.

The predicted annual energy load, cost and greenhouse gas emissions in this NatHERS Certificate are an estimate based on an assessment of the dwelling's design by the assessor. It is not a prediction of actual energy use, cost or emissions. The information and ratings may be used to compare how other dwellings are likely to perform when used in a similar way.

Information presented in this report relies on a range of standard assumptions (both embedded in NatHERS accredited software and made by the assessor who prepared this report), including assumptions about occupancy, behaviour, appliance performance, indoor air temperature and local climate.

Not all assumptions made by the assessor using the NatHERS accredited software tool are presented in this report and further details or data files may be obtained from the assessor.

Glossary

···· ,	
Annual energy load	the predicted amount of energy required for heating and cooling, based on standard occupancy assumptions.
AFRC	Australian Fenestration Rating Council
Assessed floor area	the floor area modelled in the software for the purpose of the NatHERS assessment. Note, this may not be consistent with the floor area in the design documents.
Ceiling penetrations	features that require a penetration to the ceiling, including downlights, vents, exhaust fans, range hoods, chimneys and flues. Excludes fixtures attached to the ceiling with small holes through the ceiling for wiring, e.g. ceiling fans; pendant lights, and heating and cooling ducts.
Conditioned	a zone within a dwelling that is expected to require heating and cooling based on standard occupancy assumptions. In some circumstances it will include garages.
СОР	Coefficient of performance
Custom windows	windows listed in NatHERS software that are available on the market in Australia and have a WERS (Window Energy Rating Scheme) rating.
Default windows	windows that are representative of a specific type of window product and whose properties have been derived by statistical methods.
EER	Energy Efficiency Ratio, measure of how much cooling can be achieved by an air conditioner for a single kWh of electricity input
Energy use	This is your homes rating without solar or batteries.
Energy value	The net cost to society including, but not limited to, costs to the building user, the environment and energy networks (as defined in the ABCB Housing Provisions Standard).
Entrance door	these signify ventilation benefits in the modelling software and must not be modelled as a door when opening to a minimally ventilate corridor in a Class 2 building.
Exposure category – expose	d terrain with no obstructions e.g. flat grazing land, ocean-frontage, desert, exposed high-rise unit (usually above 10 floors).
Exposure category – open	terrain with few obstructions at a similar height e.g. grasslands with few well scattered obstructions below 10m, farmland with scattered sheds, lightly vegetated bush blocks, elevated units (e.g. above 3 floors).
Exposure category –	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions below 10m e.g. suburban housing, heavily vegetated bushland areas.
suburban	
Exposure category –	terrain with numerous, closely spaced obstructions over 10 m e.g. city and industrial areas.
protected	
Horizontal shading feature	provides shading to the building in the horizontal plane, e.g. eaves, verandahs, pergolas, carports, or overhangs or balconies from upper levels.
National Construction Code (NCC) Class	the NCC groups buildings by their function and use, and assigns a classification code. NatHERS software models NCC Class 1, 2 or 4 buildings and attached Class 10a buildings. Definitions can be found at www.abcb.gov.au.
Net zero home	a home that achieves a net zero energy value*.
Opening percentage	the openability percentage or operable (moveable) area of doors or windows that is used in ventilation calculations.
Provisional value	an assumed value that does not represent an actual value. For example, if the wall colour is unspecified in the documentation, a provisional value of 'medium' must be modelled. Acceptable provisional values are outlined in the NatHERS Technical Note and can be found at www.nathers.gov.au
Recommended capacity	this is the capacity or size of equipment that is recommended by NatHERS to achieve the desired comfort conditions in the zone or zones serviced. This is a recommendation and the final selection sizing should be confirmed by a suitably qualified person.
Reflective wrap (also known	
as foil)	properties.
Roof window	for NatHERS this is typically an operable window (i.e. can be opened), will have a plaster or similar light well if there is an attic space and generally does not have a diffuser.
Shading features	includes neighbouring buildings, fences, and wing walls, but excludes eaves.
Solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC)	the fraction of incident solar radiation admitted through a window, both directly transmitted as well as absorbed and subsequently released inward. SHGC is expressed as a number between 0 and 1. The lower a window's SHGC, the less solar heat it transmits.
Skylight (also known as roof lights)	f or NatHERS this is typically a moulded unit with flexible reflective tubing (light well) and a diffuser at ceiling level.

*Refer to glossary.

W087EAWRV2 NatHERS Certificate

7 Star Rating as of 19 Oct 2023

